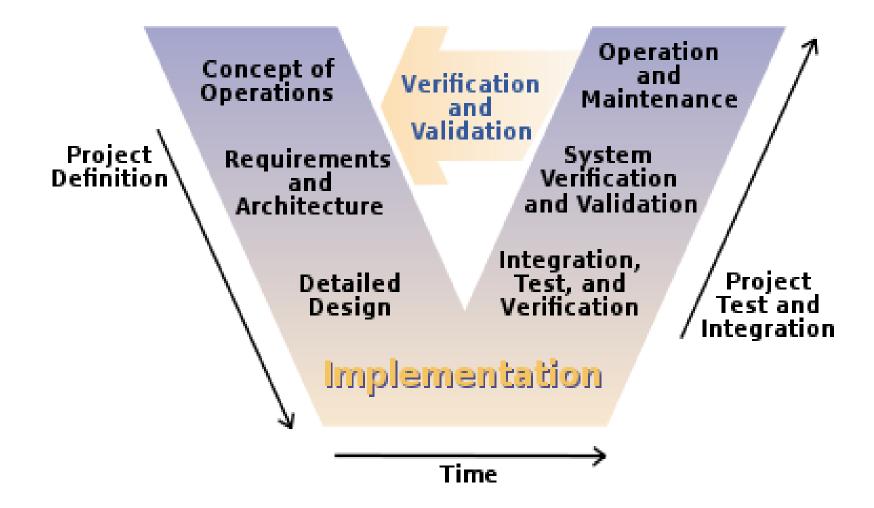
# Software Testing

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31.01.2023

### The V Model



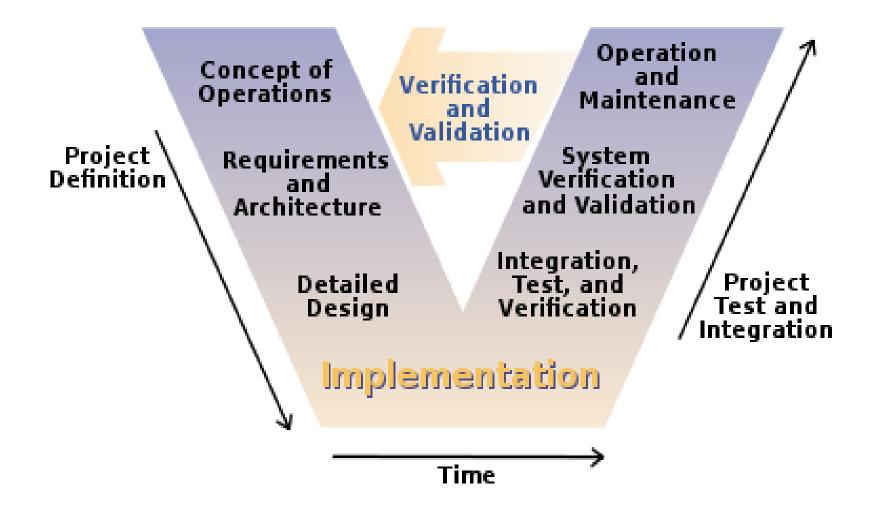
### **Program testing goals**

- To demonstrate to the developer and the customer that the software meets its requirements.
  - => leads to validation testing
- To discover situations in which the behavior of the software is incorrect, undesirable or does **not conform to its specification**.
  - => leads to defect testing

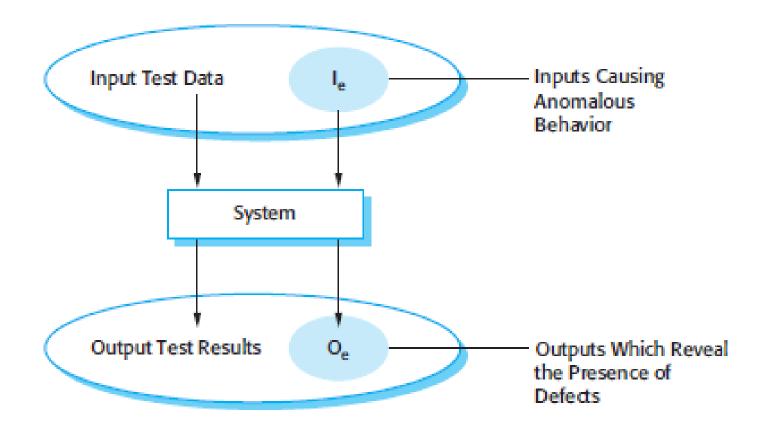
#### Verification vs validation

- Verification: (testing)
  - "Are we building the product right".
  - The software should conform to its specification.
- Validation: (checking)
  - "Are we building the right product".
  - The software should do what the user really requires.

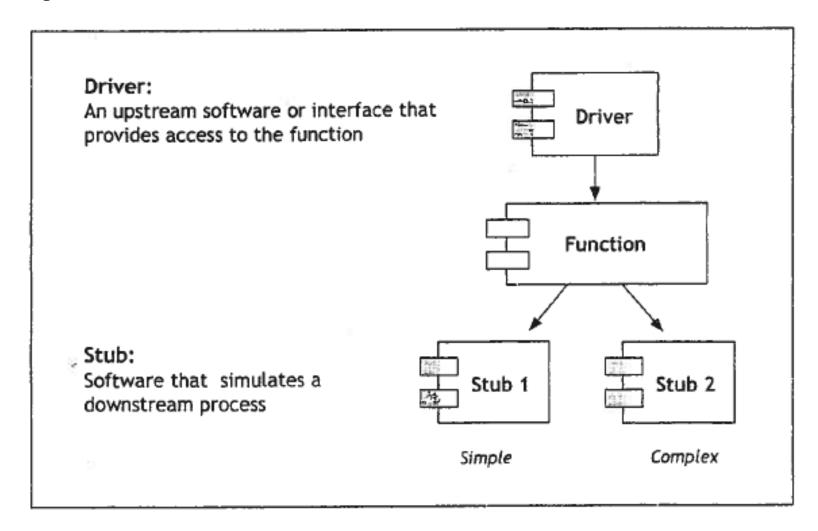
### The V Model



# **Testing - principles**



### Set up Test



## Different levels of testing

#### related to the V-model

- Validation of the concepts and requirements
   e.g. Are the domain model right? The use stories? (the users)
- Validation of the design
   e.g. design class diagrams and design sequence diagrams
   (Reviews, Technical walkthrough by the project team)
- Component Verification
   e.g. unit test and test cases (implementer)
- System and integration validation e.g. system/integration test
- Operation Verification
   e.g. acceptance test

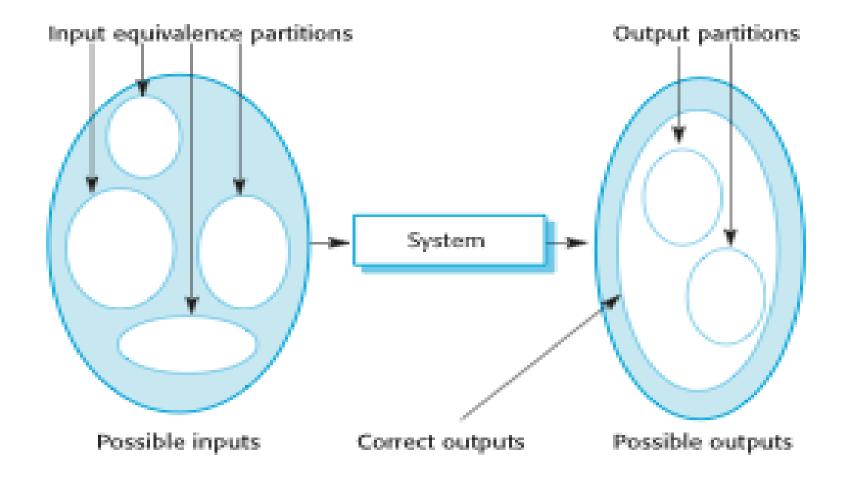
#### **Black Box & White Box test**

- Black box
  - Look at methods (system part) as a closed box
  - Know only interface
- White box
  - Look inside the methods (system part)
  - Look at all possible path through the methods

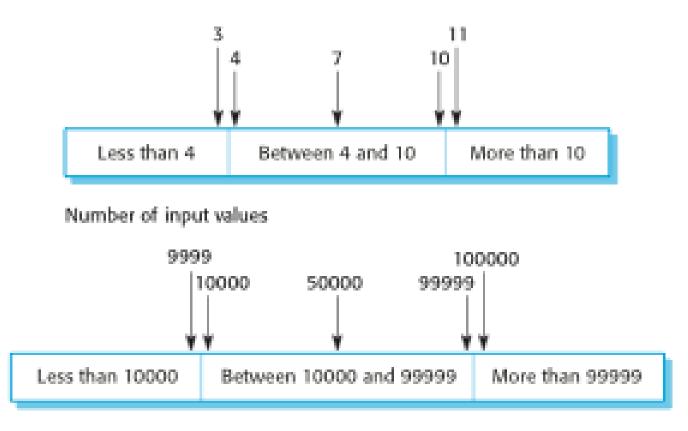
# **Black box testing**

- The system code is 'unknown' -> a black box
- Look only at the methods signatures
- Testing all kind of possible input and output
- In C# create a Unit Test

# **Equivalence partitioning**



# **Equivalence partitions**



Input values

#### **Unit test in C# - Visual Studio**

- Create a test unit project,
- Add reference to the project,
- Remember to have the class to be tested public.
- Make a test method for each test case

#### What can we do in in a test unit

- Annotations
- [TestClass] : set up the test
- [TestMethod]: This is a test method to be run
- [TestInitialize]: Run this before each test method
- [ClassInitialize]: Run this before the test starts
- [DataRow (x,y)]: give test method parameter
- Testing verification
- Assert.AreEqual( expected, actual)
- Assert.IsTrue(actual)
- Assert.ThrowsException<XXException>( ()=> -- act -- )

#### **Practice - Test case in UNIT test**

#### Arrange

- Set up the test (part could be in test TestInitialize)
- Give all input the testing data
- Give expected data the expected values

#### Act

Run the method

#### Assert

Check if the test have succeed

### Example

```
[TestMethod]
public void TestMethod1()
    // Arrange
    Person p = new Person("SomeName", "SomePhone", "SomeAddress");
    String expectedPhone = "SomePhone";
    //Act
    String actualPhone = p.Phone; // do the action - here just read a property
    //Assert
     Assert.AreEqual(expectedPhone, actualPhone);
```