# Reflection - An example JsonConvert

#### Mission

To understand the possibilities of getting metadata information at run-time, and to build your own JsonConvert.

### Background

- Theory:
   C#Note OOProg04 pp.23-28,
   https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp/programming-guide/concepts/reflection
- Wiki: <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reflection">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reflection</a> (computer programming)
- MS References: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.object.gettype?view=netcore-3.0

   https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.type.gettype?view=netcore-3.0
- Examples: <a href="https://www.dotnetperls.com/reflection">https://www.dotnetperls.com/reflection</a>
- JSON specification: <a href="https://www.json.org/json-en.html">https://www.json.org/json-en.html</a>

# Assignment 1- The first feeling

The first step is to try the principle of reflections.

To do this work you are to create a Library (.Net 5.0/6.0) 'ReflectionLib', which have three classes:

- An abstract class Person (properties Name, BirthOfYear, constructor and a Get property Age, to return the age based on BirthOfYear and current Year)
- A class Clerk inherit from Person (properties Skills (a list of strings))
- A class Manager inherit from Person (Properties Employees (a list of Persons)

Next step create a console application (.Net 5.0/6.0), implement a worker 'ReflectionWorker' class with a start method. Create an object of the worker class and call the start-method.

In the Start-method implement two objects one of the Clerk and one of the Manager.

In the ReflectionWorker class implement a Method

```
public void TryReflection(Object obj)
```

In this method do the following:

- Get the type of the object (obj.GetType())
- From the type found out these information's of the obj.
  - Name of object
  - Type of object (interface, abstract, class)
  - o The properties of the object
  - o The methods of the object

Extra: Do this recursively for the base-class, until the base-class is the Object-class

## Assignment 2- JsonConvert - Serialize

You are to implement a new library (.Net 5.0/6.0) 'MyJsonLib' with a static class 'MyJsonConverter', having two static generic methods:

```
    public static String Serialize<T>(T obj)
    public static T Deserialize<T>(String json)
```

Before you start implement this method, install the NuGet NewtonSoft in the Console App in previous assignment. Serialize the clerk object and printout the json-string, whereby you have something to compare with.

#### Implementing the Serialize method

You start with Serialize in following steps:

- 1. make a StringBuilder for the json string // this is faster than solely working with strings
- 2. Get all the properties
- 3. The properties (prop.PropertyType) are either a simple type or an object
  - a. If it is an object call the methods itself (recursive)
  - b. If it is a simple type, append the property name and value to the StringBuilder.

Be careful with your '{' and '}' they are important for the json-string they surrounds objects. E.g.

```
{"Name":"Peter","BirthOfYear":1958,"GetAge":63}
Or

{"Mother":{"Name":"Vibeke","BirthOfYear":1980,"GetAge":40},"Father":
{"Name":"Peter","BirthOfYear":1978,"GetAge":42},"Name":"Anders",
"BirthOfYear":2018,"GetAge":2}
Where '[' and ']' surrounds lists
```

## Assignment 3- JsonConvert - Deserialize

When making the Deserializing it is the opposite way round. If you meet a '{' it is an object otherwise it is a simple type. Perhaps you can use regular expressions and get capture groups to find objects or lists

Create an object of the generic Type. For the name in the Json string find the property in the object, for each property find the value in the json-string, and set the value.